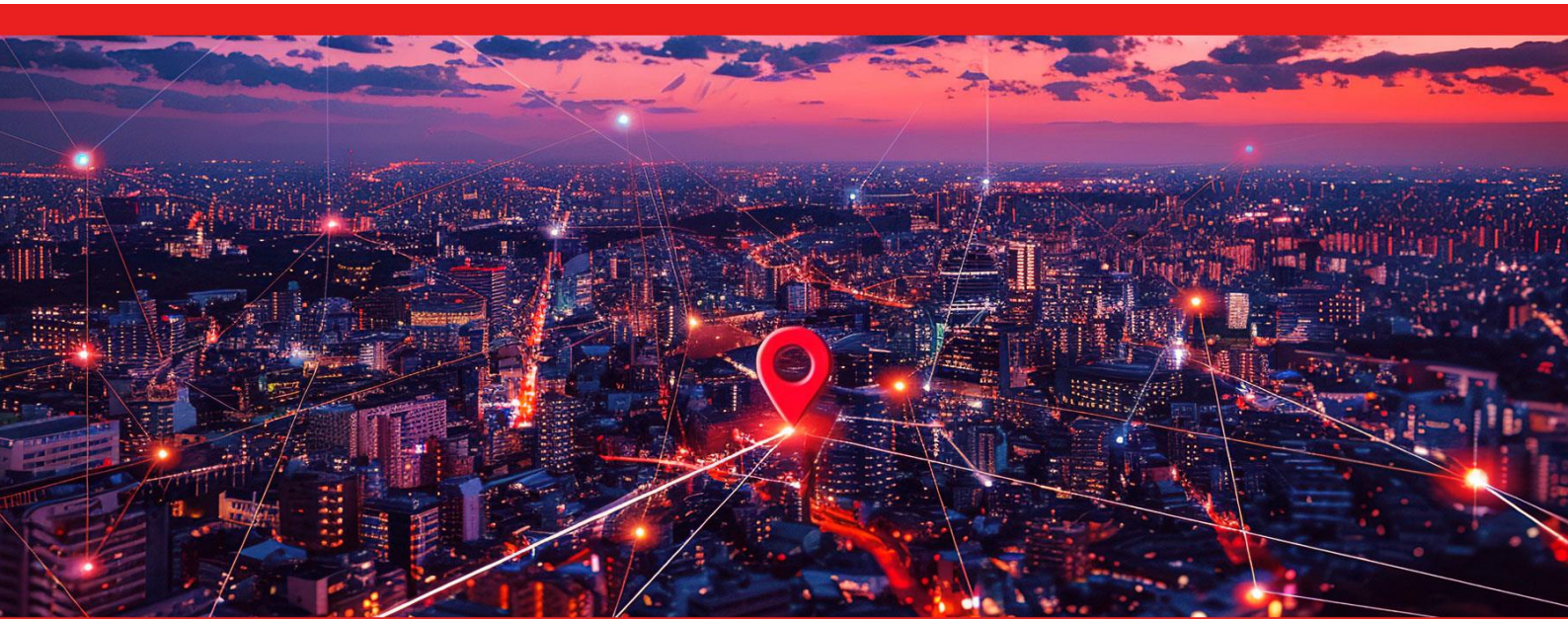


Cloud and Infrastructure Patch

Service Description



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1 Summary

1.1 Overview

Cloud and Infrastructure Patch is a managed service that can be added to Cloud and Infrastructure Monitor delivering monthly critical, and security updates to server operating systems, and specified server applications.

1.2 Features

Features available in the Cloud and Infrastructure Patch service include:

- Monthly server patching
- Microsoft Exchange cumulative updates
- Microsoft Office application updates (RDS & Citrix)

1.3 Suitable Customers

Any organisation with an IT infrastructure can benefit from Cloud and Infrastructure Patch including:

- Organisations with limited capacity to deliver out of hours maintenance
- Organisations struggling to deploy an effective internal patching solution
- Organisations requiring patching ownership and accountability
- Organisations looking to meet governance requirements by maintaining a security baseline
- Organisations experiencing viruses and malicious code attacks due to known vulnerabilities of un-patched systems

1.4 Pricing

Cloud and Infrastructure Patch pricing is based on the number and type of devices that require patching.

2 Detailed Service Description

2.1 Pre-requisites

To provide the Cloud and Infrastructure Patch service, Koris365 will require the following:

- Cloud and Infrastructure Monitor
- The customer must provide a comprehensive list of servers to be patched and a good standard of documentation
- Koris365 must be provided with the necessary service accounts and permissions for the systems that require patching
- The customer will need to provide at least one named decision maker
- The customer must provide contact details for at least one technical person who will agree monthly maintenance windows

2.2 Onboarding

1. Koris365 will work with the customer to identify the technical documentation required
2. Customer provides Koris365 with technical documentation, including:
 - a. Any applicable administrative accounts and systems access
 - b. Configurations
3. Koris365 will work with the customer to complete the Unify Onboarding form. The purpose of this document is to collect and support the gathering of necessary information to provision the service, including:
 - a. Details of customer contacts, escalation paths, and site locations
 - b. Overview of the customers' environment at point of onboarding
 - c. Record the collection and the review of the technical documentation
 - d. High level health check of the customers' environment at point of onboarding
4. Koris365 ensures servers to be patched are at a reasonable patch level
5. If required customer remediates patch level backlog (Koris365 can provide this service at additional cost)
6. Koris365 customer documentation is updated
7. Koris365 agrees first service window with customer
8. Business as usual patching commences

2.3 Deliverables

Microsoft Windows Server	Included
Install critical and security operating system updates monthly	Patching windows are arranged with the customer for a mutually available time on monthly basis and operating system critical and security categories are installed. Business critical systems are installed with human oversight, but non-critical systems may be automated at our discretion

Microsoft Hyper-V / VMWare Server	Included
Install critical and security operating system updates monthly	Hyper-V systems are patched in the same fashion as Windows Servers but may require that their guest virtual machines are shutdown or migrated to another host

On-Premises Exchange / Online	Included
Microsoft Exchange cumulative updates	Exchange cumulative updates are installed ad-hoc typically to patch a known issue or bring the system up to a supported status

Microsoft Remote Desktop Services (RDS) & Citrix	Included
Microsoft Office Application updates	Session hosts are patched in the same fashion as Windows Servers, but Koris365 will also patch the Microsoft Office suite with critical and security updates. Additionally, updates to common third-party applications such as Flash Player and Java can be requested but will be reviewed on a case by case basis and may be defined as a project

2.4 Exclusions

- Fault resolutions without exception are not covered by Cloud and Infrastructure Patch
- Remediation of issues caused by customer or third-party changes (this will be considered chargeable)
- Maintenance windows with groups of less than 25 servers, except where the supported system is made of less, in which case they will be patched in one maintenance window
- Installation of optional updates, drivers and firmware
- Patching of non-Microsoft operating systems
- Patching of end-of-life operating systems and applications
- Patching physical servers that do not have out-of-band management cards (e.g. iLO, iDrac) configured and licensed
- Patching Hyper-V clusters where failover cluster configuration or VM migration features are in any way faulty
- Testing of patches
- Koris365 take no responsibility for the introduction of bugs, loss of service, or the loss of data stored caused by the installation of vendor updates

3 Service Level Agreement (SLA)

3.1 Hours of Service

Service	Mon - Fri	Weekends	Bank holidays
Extended	06:00 – 23:00	Excluded	Excluded

Service hours are based upon GMT/BST time zone

3.2 Response & Restoration Times

Priority Level	Response Time	Target Restoration Time
Priority 1	N/A	N/A
Priority 2	N/A	N/A
Priority 3	N/A	N/A
Priority 4 / Service Requests	Next Business Day	N/A

Cloud and Infrastructure Patch is a pro-active service. Tickets are raised as service requests but are instigated by Koris365 rather than the customer. Koris365 will contact the customer each month to arrange a maintenance window. The customer must respond within a reasonable time frame (48 hours) and permit the maintenance window to occur within the extended hours detailed in section 3.1.

- Koris365 take no responsibility for failure to patch systems where the customer has been unable to agree a maintenance window
- Response time is measured from the customer logging a ticket to the customer being contacted to start investigation

- Target restoration time is a specified point in time where Koris365 aim to resolve the Incident or Service Request, this will not necessarily be a permanent fix and may need additional work and planned downtime to resolve completely
- Unused monthly maintenance windows do not rollover or accumulate
- The customer will need to remediate the patch level for any backlogs originating from the failure to agree maintenance windows (Koris365 can provide this service at additional cost)
- One service request ticket will be raised each month per maintenance window and will remain on hold for the duration
- Koris365 take no responsibility where events outside of our control prevent or interrupt a maintenance window
- Any faults arising with the Windows Update Service will be raised separately as Priority 4 incidents where a Cloud and Infrastructure Resolve service forms a part of the contract, otherwise they will become the responsibility of the customer to resolve

3.3 Service Level Measurement

The SLA clock will commence on successful logging of a ticket. Elapsed time is measured from the point the ticket is created to the Response Time. The SLA clock then continues until the Restoration time.

During investigation and troubleshooting of a ticket, the SLA Timer will be paused, i.e. the elapsed time is halted, in the following situations;

- Awaiting information, or actions from the customer where Koris365 cannot reasonably be expected to progress the ticket without this information/action
- If customer contact cannot be made after three consecutive attempts, over at least three working days, a final email containing a closure warning will be sent; if Koris365 still do not receive a response the ticket will be closed
- Awaiting information, or actions from a third party where Koris365 cannot reasonably be expected to progress the ticket without this information/action
- Where the problem is associated with a change to the supported system that has not been implemented by Koris365 (ticket will be closed)
- Where the problem is associated with items outside of the supported system (ticket will be closed)
- Where restoration involves time constraints outside of our control, for example, non-redundant systems, backup system limitations, and site visits
- Priority 3 and 4 tickets outside of contracted manned hours

Once the information or action has been received by Koris365, the service timer will be reactivated again.

Priority 1 and 2 calls will be measured throughout the 24/7 period where a 24/7 contract has been purchased.

3.4 Service Desk Key Performance Indicators (KPI)

The Service Desk are committed to meeting response and resolution SLAs with a KPI of 95% or above. The Service Desk aim to achieve a KPI of 90% or above on a target average call wait time of 60 seconds or under.

3.5 Ticket Types

3.5.1 Service Requests (IMACD)

Standard service requests are requests for information, moves, additions, changes and deletions (IMACD). No system is at fault and applications are working as expected. This could also take the form of a request that does impact a user's ability to work such as a password reset, in which case these are generally resolved at first point of contact. Most service requests however do not impact the user's ability to work and therefore should be submitted in advance of being required, normally in written format and, where applicable, a standard template such as a new starter form.

Any more than five individual service requests at the same time, i.e. bulk service requests, will require scheduling.

Where a service request is expected to take more than 1 hour to complete then the request will be reviewed and possibly assigned as a separate project.

3.5.2 Incidents

An incident is defined as any event not part of the standard operation of a service which causes an interruption to, or a reduction in the quality of that service.

All incidents and service requests are recorded in the Koris365 ticketing system with a priority selected from the Priority Level Definition table. The priority determines the order in which the Service Desk work on these tickets.

The Incident Priority Code is derived by assessment of the incident's impact and urgency. The Priority code will be provided at the time of logging or by return email. The Priority Code may be re-assigned when the impact or urgency is deemed to have changed.

3.6 Priority Level Classification

The priority of an incident is defined by assessing both impact and urgency.

- Urgency is a measure of how quickly the system needs to be restored
- Impact is a measure of the potential damage caused by the incident

3.6.1 Incident Urgency

Category	Description
High	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Damage caused by incident increases rapidly • Work that cannot be completed is highly time sensitive
Medium	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Damage caused by incident increases steadily • Work that cannot be completed is moderately time sensitive
Low	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Damage caused by incident increases marginally • Work that cannot be completed is not time sensitive

3.6.2 Incident Impact

Category	Description
High	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Many employees are affected and not able to do their job Large financial impact Damage to reputation of business is likely to be high Many customers are affected
Medium	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A moderate number of employees are affected and not able to do their job Low financial impact Damage to reputation of business is likely to be moderate A moderate number of customers are affected
Low	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A minimal number of employees are affected Negligible financial impact Damage to reputation of business is likely to be minimal A minimal number of customers are affected

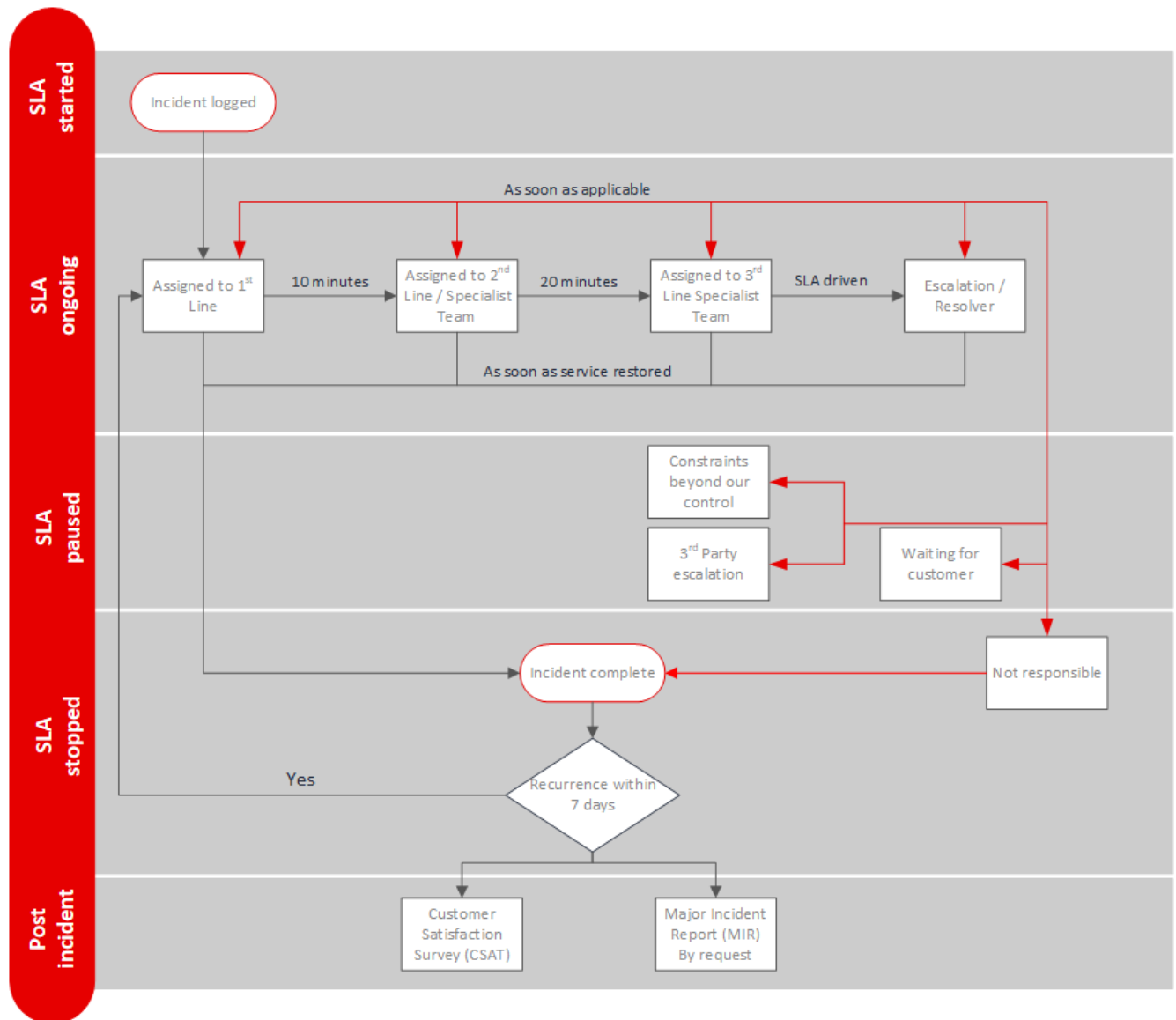
3.6.3 Incident Priority Matrix

		Impact		
		High	Medium	Low
Urgency	High	P1	P2	P3
	Medium	P2	P3	P4
	Low	P3	P4	P4

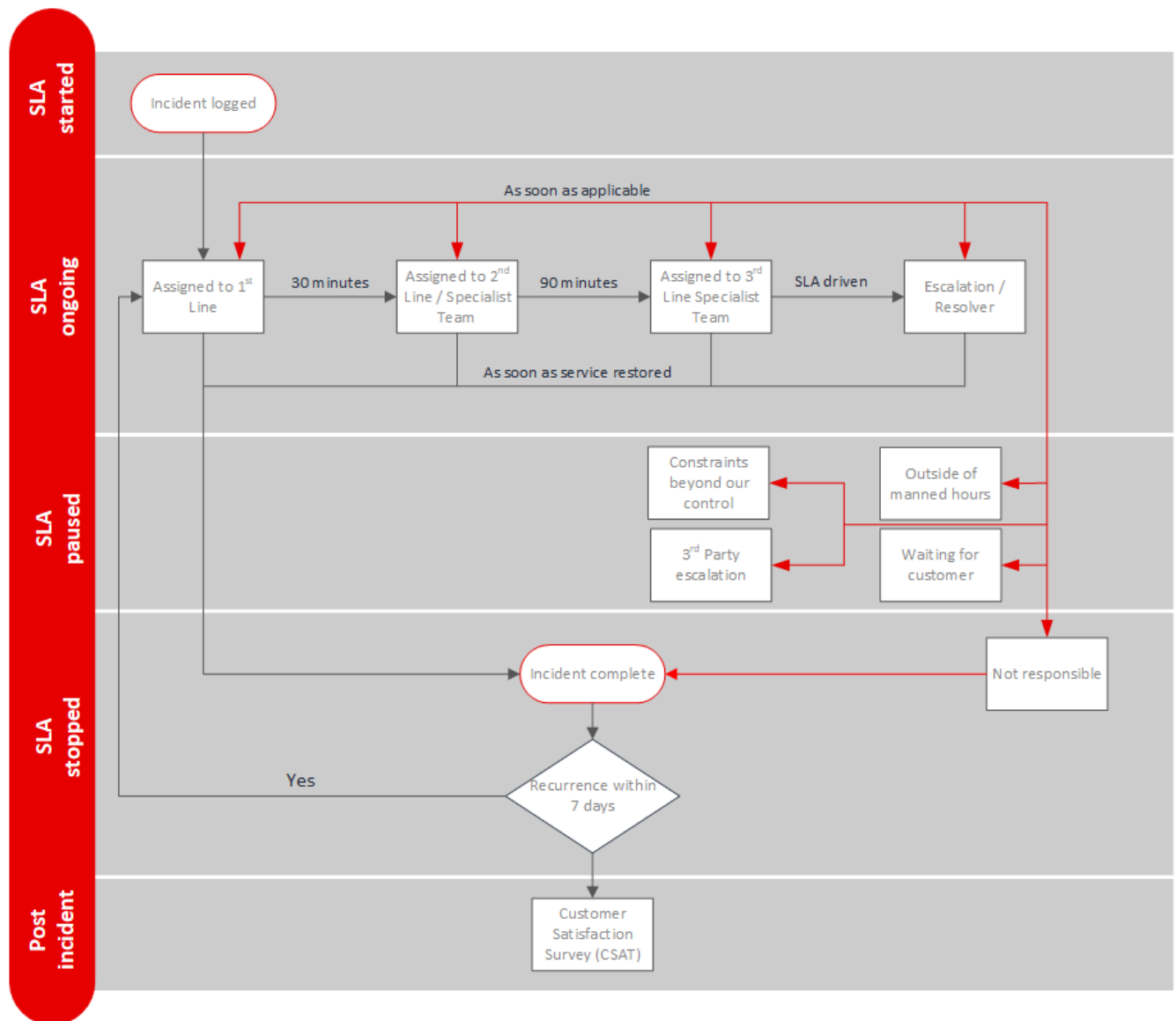
Priority Level	Action
Priority 1 (P1)	Servicedesk provide prioritised, sustained effort using all necessary resources until service is restored
Priority 2 (P2)	Service Desk reprioritise resources from lower priority jobs where necessary to focus on restoring the services
Priority 3 (P3)	Service Desk reprioritise resources from lower priority jobs where necessary
Priority 4 (P4)	Service Desk provide a response using standard operating procedures

3.7 Ticket Handling & Escalation Process

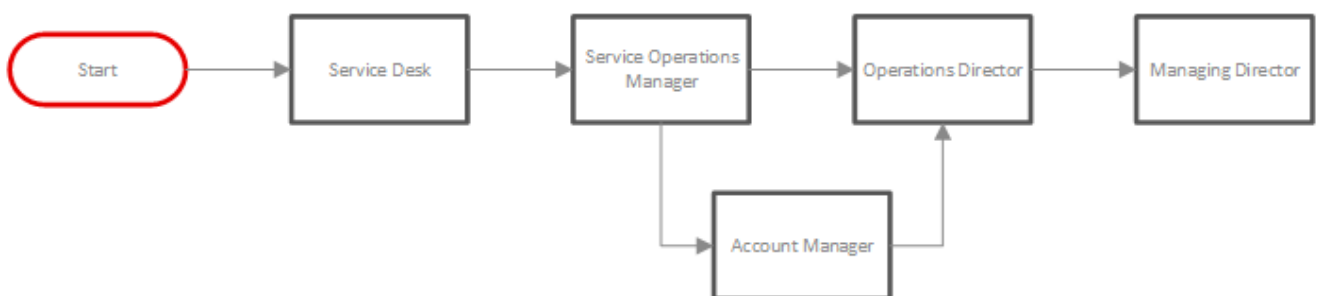
3.7.1 P1 and P2 Ticket Flow



3.7.2 P3 and P4 Ticket Flow



3.7.3 Customer Escalation



4 Offboarding Procedure

On the final day of contract Koris365 will:

- Provide any stored credentials to the customer
- Provide any existing supported systems documentation to the customer
- At the customer's request, engage with the incoming services provider to supply any existing supported systems documentation necessary for transition of the service
- Permanently disable remote access and monitoring
- Cease working on any outstanding tickets and provide an outstanding ticket summary
- Delete customer owned data stored within the Koris365 environment
- Deletion/redaction of customer user records
- Terminate service

The customer is expected to:

- Change passwords and disable accounts as necessary for security purposes
- Plan migration of data in advance of termination of service

Koris365 will not:

- Provide details of internal working practices
- Keep a copy of customer owned data stored within the Koris365 environment for future recovery purposes